



RISC-V y hardware abierto: una oportunidad y un reto para la UE

Prof. Mateo Valero

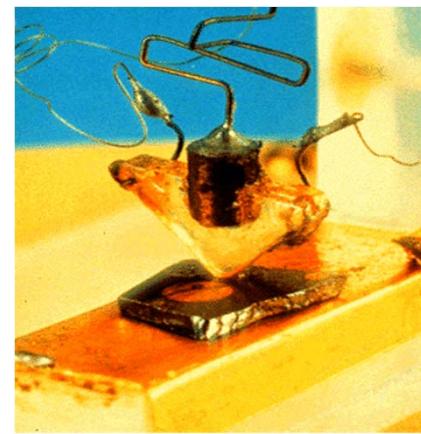


European Laboratory for Open
Computer Architecture

RISC V Workshop. Universidad Autónoma Barcelona

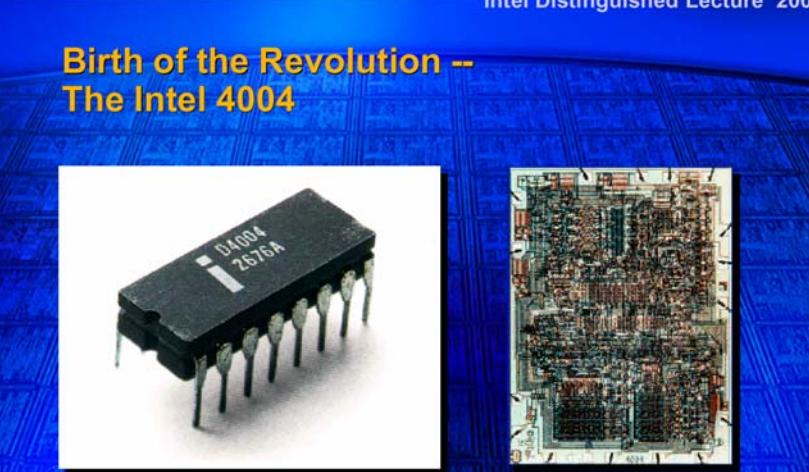
Technological Achievements

- **Transistor (Bell Labs, 1947)**
 - DEC PDP-1 (1957)
 - IBM 7090 (1960)
- **Integrated circuit (1958)**
 - IBM System 360 (1965)
 - DEC PDP-8 (1965)
- **Microprocessor (1971)**
 - Intel 4004



Intel Distinguished Lecture 2003

Birth of the Revolution -- The Intel 4004



Introduced November 15, 1971
108 KHz, 50 KIPs , 2300 10 μ transistors

intel

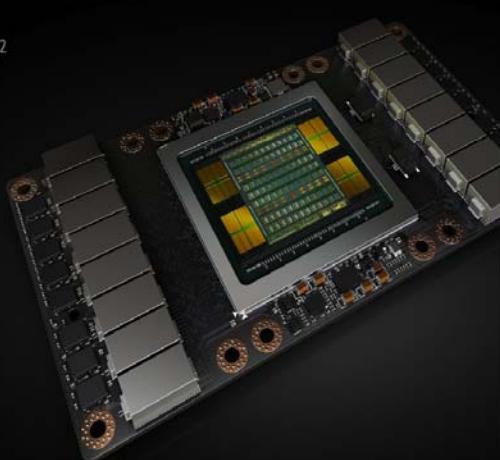
 Universidad Veracruz

M. Valero 

ANNOUNCING TESLA V100

GIANT LEAP FOR AI & HPC
 VOLTA WITH NEW TENSOR CORE

21B xtors | TSMC 12nm FFN | 815mm²
 5,120 CUDA cores
 7.5 FP64 TFLOPS | 15 FP32 TFLOPS
 NEW 120 Tensor TFLOPS
 20MB SM RF | 16MB Cache
 16GB HBM2 @ 900 GB/s
 300 GB/s NVLink



 Barcelona Supercomputing Center
 Centro Nacional de

Professor Tomas Lang



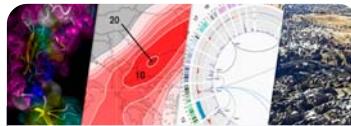
System Overview		
OAK RIDGE National Laboratory	summit	
System Performance <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Peak performance of 200 petaflops for modeling & simulation Peak of 3.3 ExaOps for data analytics and artificial intelligence 	Each node has <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 IBM POWER9 processors 6 NVIDIA Tesla V100 GPUs 608 GB of fast memory 1.6 TB of NVMe memory 	The system includes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 4608 nodes Dual-rail Mellanox EDR InfiniBand network 250 PB IBM Spectrum Scale file system transferring data at 2.5 TB/s

Barcelona Supercomputing Center Centro Nacional de Supercomputación

BSC-CNS objectives



Supercomputing services to Spanish and EU researchers



R&D in Computer, Life, Earth and Engineering Sciences



PhD programme, technology transfer, public engagement



Barcelona Supercomputing Center
Centro Nacional de Supercomputación



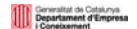
Spanish Government

60%



Catalan Government

30%



Univ. Politècnica de Catalunya (UPC)

10%



MareNostrum4

Total peak performance: **13,7 Pflops**

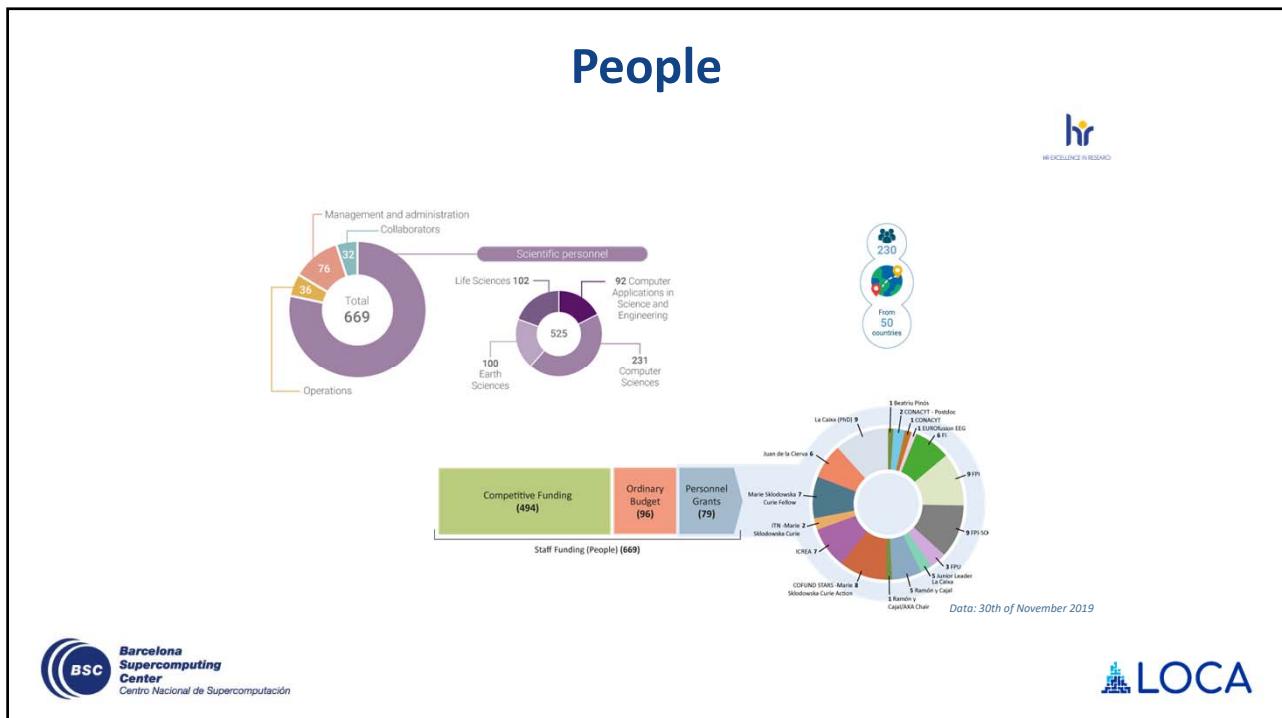
General Purpose Cluster:	11.15 Pflops	(1.07.2017)
CTE1-P9+Volta:	1.57 Pflops	(1.03.2018)
CTE2-Arm V8:	0.5 Pflops	(?????)
CTE3-KNH?:	0.5 Pflops	(?????)

MareNostrum 1
2004 – 42,3 Tflops
1st Europe / 4th World
New technologies

MareNostrum 2
2006 – 94,2 Tflops
1st Europe / 5th World
New technologies

MareNostrum 3
2012 – 1,1 Pflops
12th Europe / 36th World

MareNostrum 4
2017 – 11,1 Pflops
2nd Europe / 13th World
New technologies



TOP-10 Spanish Organizations in Horizon 2020

Legal name	EU Contribution (€)	Project Participations
Agencia Estatal Consejo Superior de Investigaciones Científicas	238.259.045€	555
Fundación Tecnalia Research & Innovation	112.240.776€	248
Barcelona Supercomputing Center	75.772.091€	137
ATOS Spain Sa	61.610.810€	156
Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya	60.807.189€	166
Universidad Politécnica de Madrid	60.201.700€	163
Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona	60.101.687€	125
Fundació Institut de Ciències Fotòniques	57.742.386€	83
Universitat Pompeu Fabra	56.641.631€	113
Centro de Investigaciones energéticas, medioambientales y tecnologías	55.616.305€	73

Source:
European Commission, Participant Portal H2020 Projects
Updated Dec 2019

BSC Logo: Barcelona Supercomputing Center
Centro Nacional de Supercomputación

LOCA Logo:

MareNostrum 5

A European pre-exascale supercomputer

- **200 Petaflops** peak performance (200×10^{15})
- **Experimental platform** to create supercomputing technologies “made in Europe”

Hosting Consortium:

Spain Portugal Turkey Croatia Ireland



BSC
Barcelona
Supercomputing
Center
Centro Nacional de Supercomputación

EuroHPC
Joint Undertaking

BSC and the EC



Final plenary panel at ICT Innovate, Connect, Transform conference, 22 October 2015 Lisbon, Portugal.

“The transformational impact of excellent science in research and innovation”

BSC
Barcelona
Supercomputing
Center
Centro Nacional de Supercomputación

“Europe needs to develop an entire domestic exascale stack from the processor all the way to the system and application software”, Mateo Valero, Director of Barcelona Supercomputing Center

Director of Barcelona Supercomputing Center, Mateo Valero, makes a pledge for developing a strong HPC ecosystem.

Published on 12/04/2016

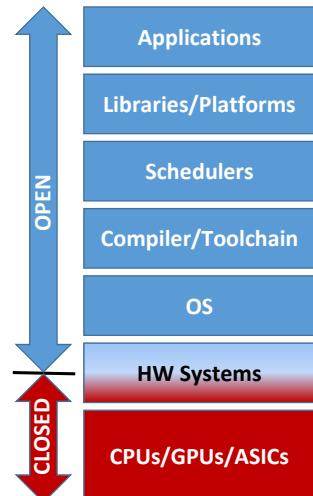
Europe has the competence and skills to engage in the global competition towards Exascale Supercomputing. To fully benefit from the opportunities of the digital single market, Europe must strengthen the fundamental research on how digitization and transformation is based and build a stronger European High Performance Computing (HPC) ecosystem.



Share

HPC today

- Europe has led the way in defining a common open HPC software ecosystem
 - Linux is the de facto standard OS despite proprietary alternatives
 - Software landscape from Cloud to IoT already enjoys the benefit of open source
 - Open source provides:
 - A common platform, specification and interface
 - Accelerates building new functionality by leveraging existing components
 - Lowers the entry barrier for others to contribute new components
 - Crowd-sources solutions for small and larger problems
 - What about Hardware and in particular, the CPU?
 - Inhibits opportunities in holistic co-design
 - Facing barrier to innovation
 - Being able to have a conversation or not



LOCA

ARM-based prototypes at BSC



2011
Tibidabo

ARM multicore

2012
KAYLA

ARM + GPU
CUDA on ARM

2013
Pedraforca

ARM + GPU
Infiniband
RDMA

2014
Mont-Blanc

Single chip ARM+GPU OpenCL on ARM GPU



Mont-Blanc HPC Stack for ARM



Barcelona Supercomputing Center
Centro Nacional de Supercomputación

Industrial applications



Applications



System software



Hardware



The Exascale Race – The Japanese example



Co-design from Apps to Architecture

- Architectural Parameters to be determined
 - #SIMD, SIMD length, #core, #NUMA node, O3 resources, specialized hardware
 - cache (size and bandwidth), memory technologies
 - Chip die-size, power consumption
 - Interconnect
- We have selected a set of target applications
- Performance estimation tool
 - Performance projection using Fujitsu FX100 execution profile to a set of arch. parameters.
- Co-design Methodology (at early design phase)
 1. Setting set of system parameters
 2. Tuning target applications under the system parameters
 3. Evaluating execution time using prediction tools
 4. Identifying hardware bottlenecks and changing the set of system parameters

Target applications representatives of almost all our applications in terms of computational methods and communication patterns in order to design architectural features.

Program	Target Application	Brief description
① GENESIS	MD/MD problems	
② Genomon	Genome processing (Genome alignment)	
③ GAMERA	Earthquake simulator (FEM in unstructured & structured grid)	
④ NICAM-LTKE	Weather prediction system using Big data (structured grid, global & ensemble Kalman Filter)	
⑤ NTChem	molecular electronic (structure calculation)	
⑥ FFE	Large Eddy Simulation (unstructured grid)	
⑦ RSQFT	an ab initio program (density functional theory)	
⑧ Adventure	Computational Mechanics System for Large Scale Analysis and Design (unstructured grid)	
⑨ QGS-QCD	Lattice QCD simulation (structured grid / Monte Carlo)	

9

The Exascale Race – The Japanese example

"Post-K" Arm64fx Processor is..."

- an Many-Core ARM CPU...
 - 48 compute cores + 2 or 4 assistant (OS) cores
 - Brand new core design by Fujitsu
 - Near Xeon-Class Integer performance core
 - ARM V8.2 --- 64bit ARM ecosystem
- ...but also a GPU-like processor
 - SVE 512 bit vector extensions (ARM & Fujitsu)
 - Integer (1, 2, 4, 8 bytes) + Float (16, 32, 64 bytes)
 - Cache + access localization (sector cache) - similar to scratchpad
 - HBM2 OPM – Massive Mem BW (1TByte/s, Bytes/DPF ~0.4 same as K)
 - Streaming memory access, strided access, scatter/gather etc.
 - Intra-chip barrier synch. and other memory enhancing features
 - 40GByte/s Tofu-D interconnect + PCIe 3

GPU-like High performance in HPC, AI/Big Data, Auto Driving... 11

2008/3/13

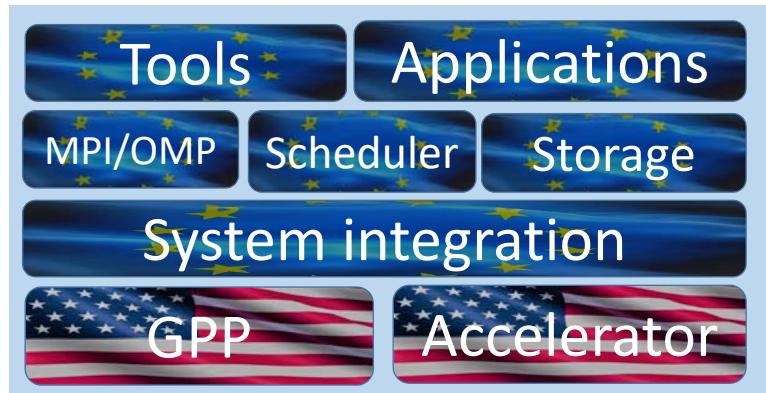
RCCS

BSC
Barcelona Supercomputing Center
Centro Nacional de Supercomputación

#	Site	Manufacturer	Computer	Country	Cores	Rmax [PFlops]	Power [MW]
1	Oak Ridge National Laboratory	IBM	Summit IBM Power System, P9 22C 3.07GHz, Mellanox EDR, NVIDIA GV100	USA	2,414,592	148.6	10.1
2	Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	IBM	Sierra IBM Power System, P9 22C 3.1GHz, Mellanox EDR, NVIDIA GV100	USA	1,572,480	94.6	7.4
3	National Supercomputing Center in Wuxi	NRCPC	Sunway TaihuLight NRCPC Sunway SW26010, 260C 1.45GHz	China	10,649,600	93.0	15.4
4	National University of Defense Technology	NUDT	Tianhe-2A ANUDT TH-IVB-FEP, Xeon 12C 2.2GHz, Matrix-2000	China	4,981,760	61.4	18.5
5	Texas Advanced Computing Center / Univ. of Texas	Dell	Frontera Dell C6420, Xeon Platinum 8280 28C 2.7GHz, Mellanox HDR	USA	448,448	23.5	
6	Swiss National Supercomputing Centre (CSCS)	Cray	Piz Daint Cray XC50, Xeon E5 12C 2.6GHz, Aries, NVIDIA Tesla P100	Switzerland	387,872	21.2	2.38
7	Los Alamos NL / Sandia NL	Cray	Trinity Cray XC40, Intel Xeon Phi 7250 68C 1.4GHz, Aries	USA	979,072	20.2	7.58
8	National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology	Fujitsu	AI Bridging Cloud Infrastructure (ABCi) PRIMERGY CX2550 M4, Xeon Gold 20C 2.4GHz, IB-EDR, NVIDIA V100	Japan	391,680	19.9	1.65
9	Leibniz Rechenzentrum	Lenovo	SuperMUC-NG ThinkSystem SD530, Xeon Platinum 8174 24C 3.1GHz, Intel Omni-Path	Germany	305,856	19.5	
10	Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	IBM	Lassen IBM Power System, P9 22C 3.1GHz, Mellanox EDR, NVIDIA Tesla V100	USA	288,288	18.2	

Where Europe needs to be stronger

- Only 1 of the 10 most powerful HPC systems is in the EU
- HPC codes must be upgraded
- Vital HPC hardware elements are missing: general purpose processor and accelerators
- EU needs its own source of as many of the system elements as possible



Why Europe needs its own processor

- Processors now control almost every aspect of our lives
- **Security** (back doors, etc.)
- Possible future restrictions on exports to EU due to increasing protectionism
- A competitive EU supply chain for HPC technologies will create jobs and growth in Europe

A group of researchers showed how a Tesla Model S can be hacked and stolen in seconds using only \$600 worth of equipment

NSA May Have Backdoors Built Into Intel And AMD Processors

A jet sale to Egypt is being blocked by a US regulation, and France is over it

Google 'suspects some business with Huawei' after US blacklist

Amazon and Super Micro urge Bloomberg to retract 'unsupported' spy chip report

Car Hacking Remains a Very Real Threat as Autos Become Ever More Loaded With Tech

The US Cloud Act v The EU's GDPR - Data Privacy & Security

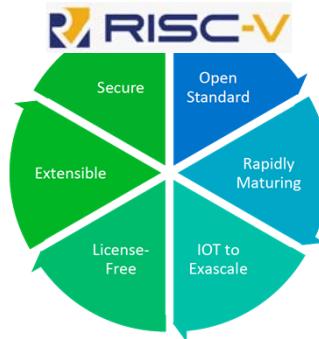


Just an example: RISC-V in EPI



European
Processor
Initiative

- ➡ More and more global IT actors are adopting RISC-V architectures to be vendor independent
- ➡ And of course the entire IoT ecosystem for lower performance, lower energy applications.



**Barcelona
Supercomputing
Center**
Centro Nacional de Supercomputación



EPI Partners



RISC-V in safety-critical systems in Europe

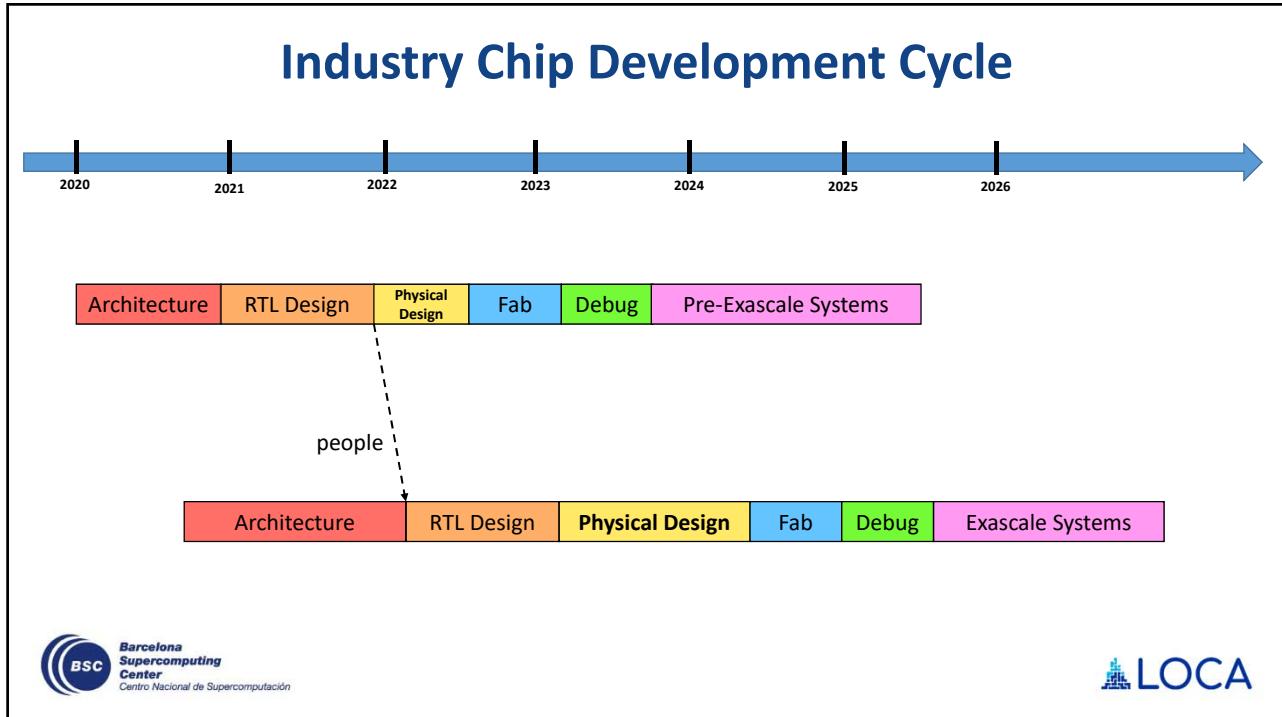
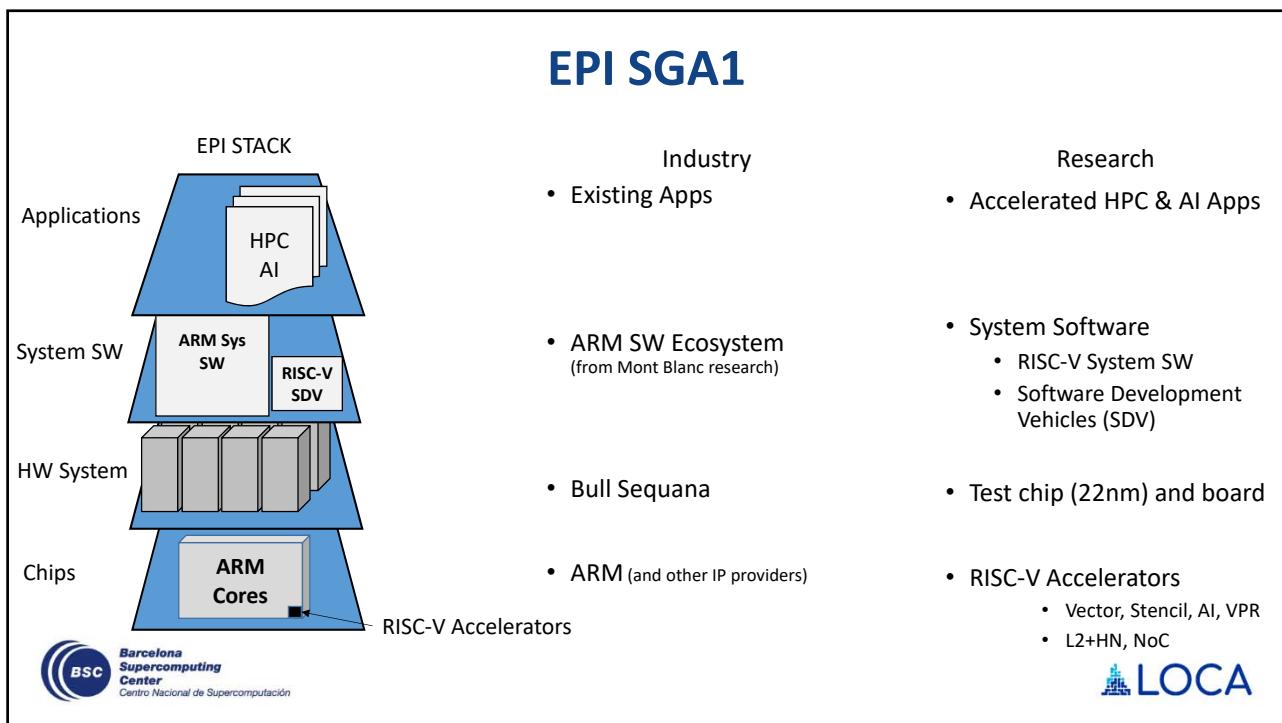
- **Safety-critical industry** in Europe gaining interest in RISC-V technology
 - **Space:** ESA needs microprocessors with no export restrictions
 - No SPARCv8, no PowerPC, no ISA with an owner
 - Now funding RISC-V initiatives
 - **Avionics** industry already expressed explicit interest, **automotive** industry now learning about RISC-V
- H2020 De-RISC: **TRL8 RISC-V space multicore** by early 2022
 -  **Gaisler, Thales, fentISS, and BSC**
- H2020 SELENE: **TRL5 RISC-V space/avionics/automotive networked multicore** by end of 2022
 - **Gaisler, Airbus (DE), Airbus (FR), Siemens (DE), Siemens (AT), Virtual Vehicle,... and BSC**
- ECSEL FRACTAL: **Highly-adaptive RISC-V based prototype** for edge computing by mid 2023
 - **23 European partners (mostly industrial),... and BSC**

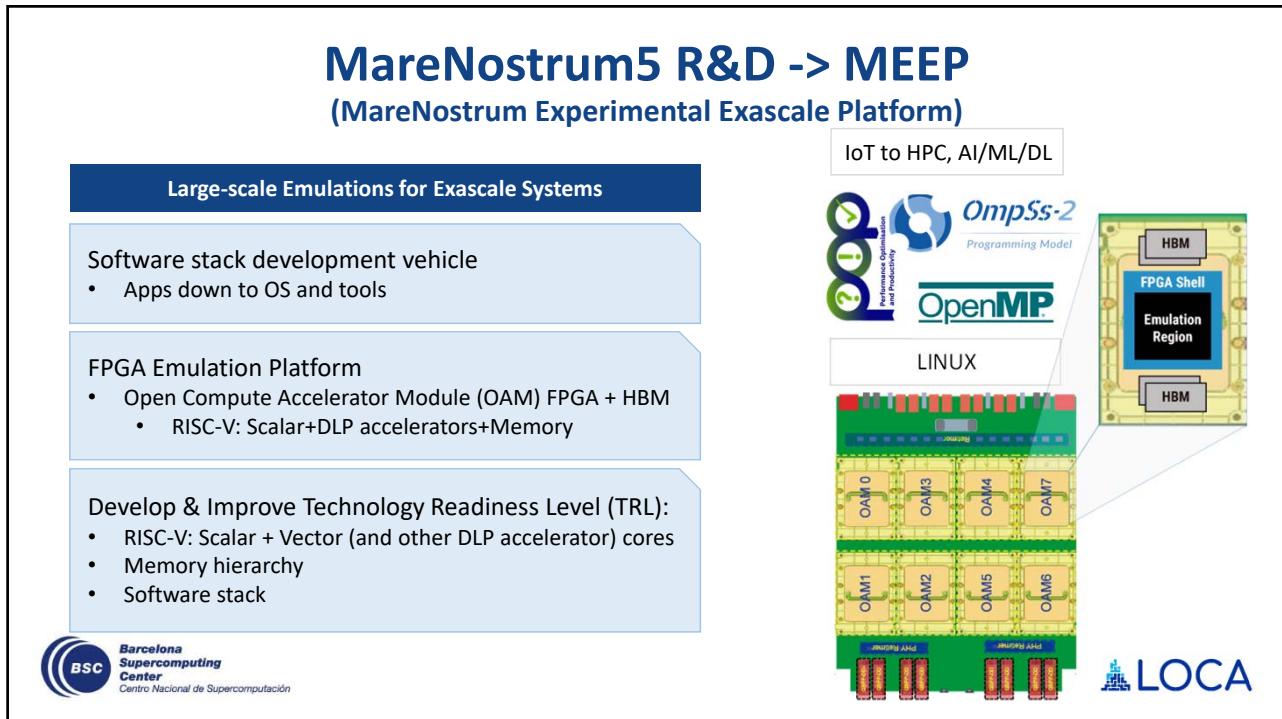
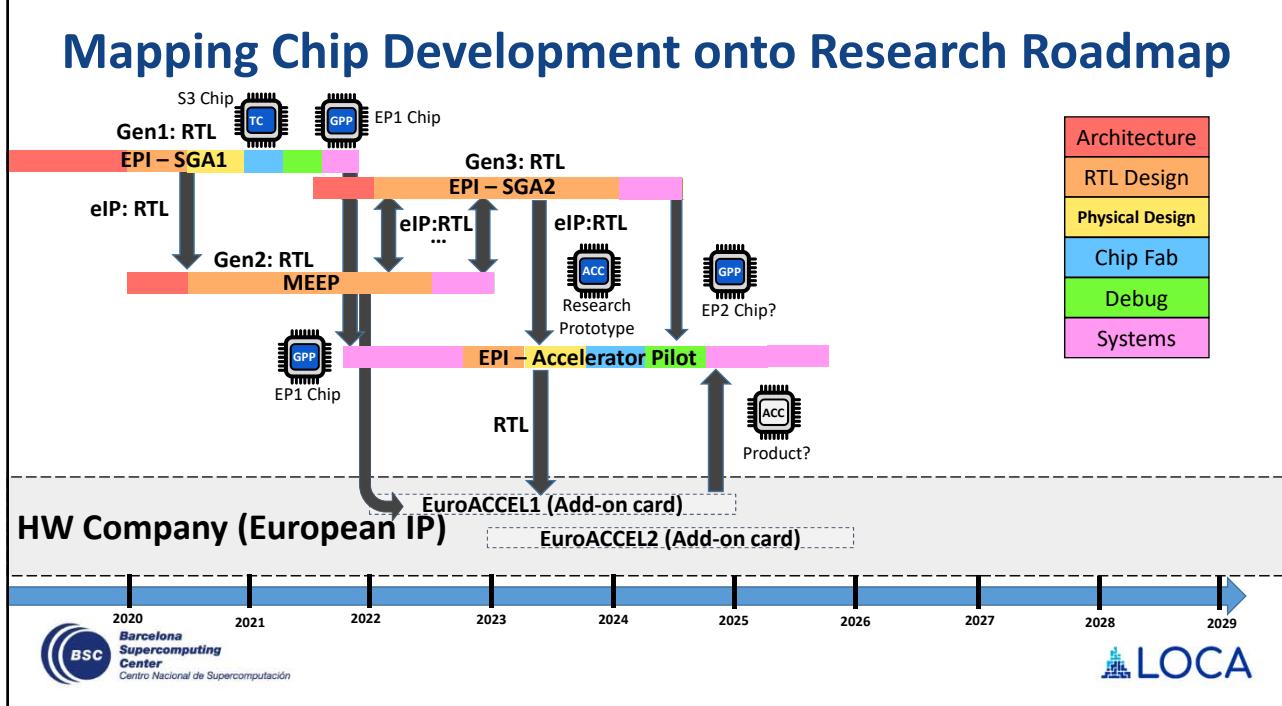


BSC roadmap towards Exascale computing in Europe

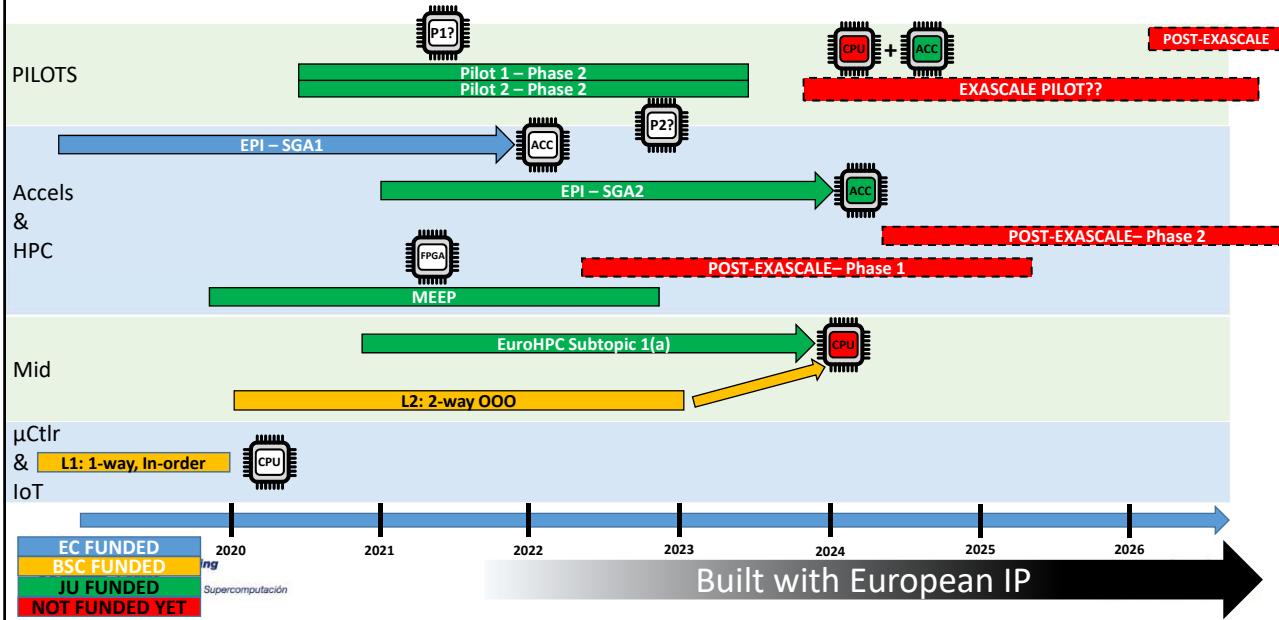
Prof. Mateo Valero





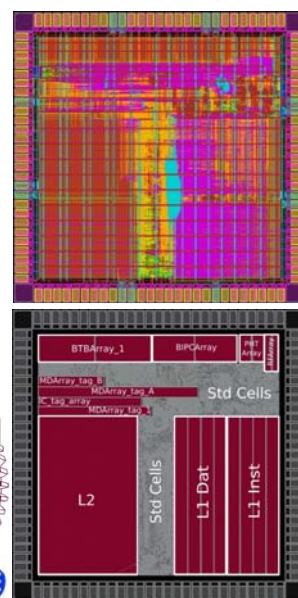


The BSC HPC Roadmap to Technology Independence



First Lagarto Tapeout

- Target design:
 - Simple in-order core with 5 stages, single issue
 - 16KB L1 caches, 64KB L2 cache, TLB
 - Memory controller on the FPGA side
 - FPGA – ASIC communication via packetizer
 - Debug ring via JTAG
 - Target technology: TSMC 65nm
 - Design fits in the total area budget of 2.5mm²
 - Submitted for fabrication in May 2019
- Collaborative project with different teams:
 - RTL Design: Lagarto (BSC + CIC-IPN)
 - Verification (BSC)
 - Logic Synthesis (UPC + BSC)
 - Physical design (IMB-CNM + BSC)
 - Tapeout and bringup (IMB-CNM + BSC)





LOCA

Enabling HW/SW Co-Design for IoT to HPC

Name
Position



European Laboratory for Open Computer Architecture

Today's technology trends



- Massive penetration of Open Source Software
- IoT (Arduino),
 - Mobile (Android),
 - Enterprise (Linux),
 - HPC (Linux, OpenMP, etc.)



- New Open Source Hardware Momentum from IoT and the Edge to HPC
- RISC-V
 - OpenPOWER
 - MIPS

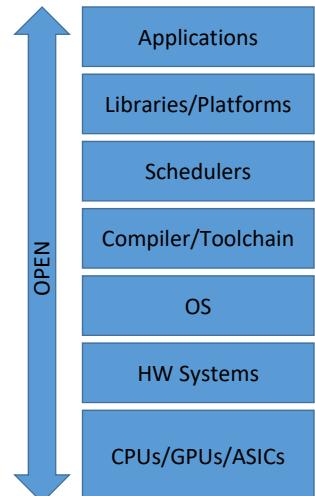


- Moore's Law + Power = Specialization (HW/SW Co-Design)
- More cost effective
 - More performant
 - Less Power



HPC tomorrow

- Europe can lead the way to a completely open SW/HW stack for the world
- RISC-V provides the open source hardware alternative to dominating proprietary non-EU solutions
- Europe can achieve complete technology independence with these foundational building blocks
- Currently at the same early stage in HW as we were with SW when Linux was adopted many years ago
- RISC-V can unify, focus, and build a new microelectronics industry in Europe.



Open Source Beyond 2020

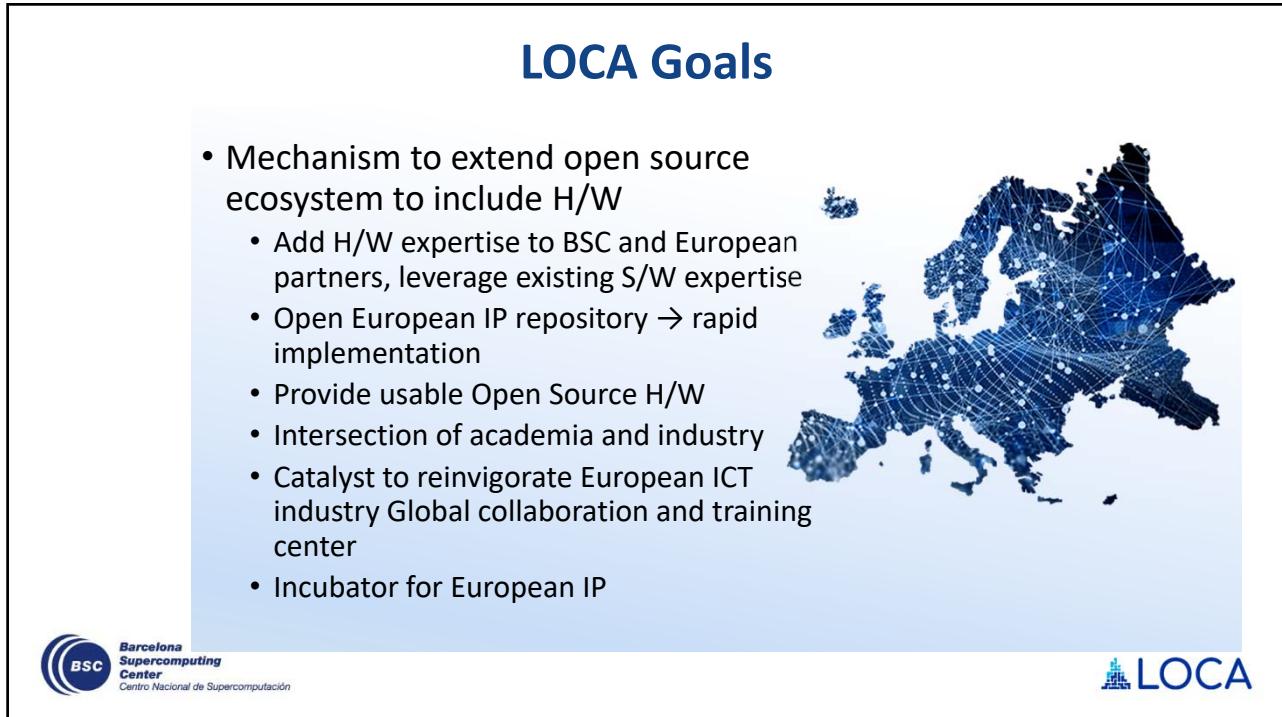
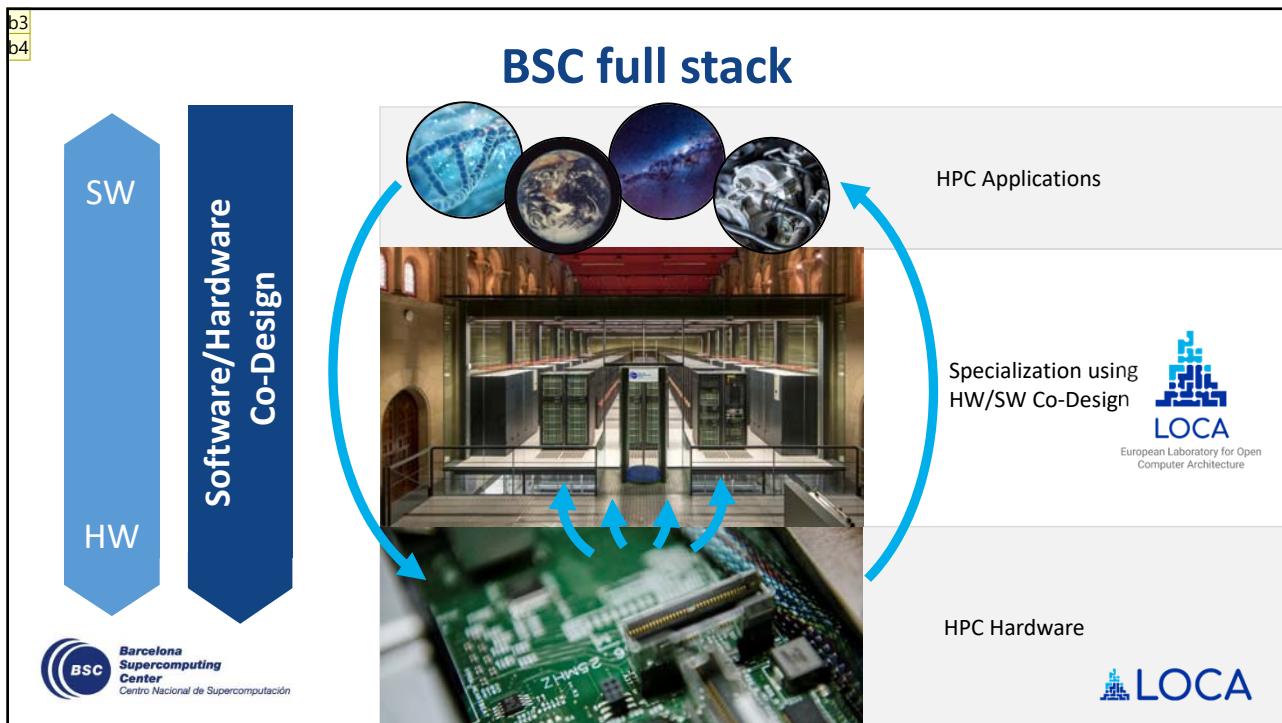


"Open Source has become mainstream across all sectors of the software industry during the past 10 years. To a large extent, open software re-use has proven economically efficient. The level of maturity of Open Source Hardware (OSH) remains far lower than that of Open Source Software (OSS). However, business ecosystems for OSH are developing fast so that OSH could constitute a cornerstone of the future Internet of Things (IoT) and the future of computing."

- DG Connect & DG IT Workshop, Brussels, Nov. 14-15, 2019

Source: <https://ec.europa.eu/digital-single-market/en/news/workshop-about-future-open-source-software-and-open-source-hardware>





Diapositiva 35

b3 I would really love a pretty pciture of graphic of this.

bscuser; 25/10/2019

b4 Computer Science should blend into Apps and CASE blends

into Apps, CS, and Ops.

bscuser; 25/10/2019

b8
b9

European Collaboration & Education



Casteller



Barcelona Supercomputing Center
Centro Nacional de Supercomputación

Traditional chip design is done in a Master/Apprentice environment

LOCA recreates this environment by bringing in Masters from industry to collaborate with a variety of people, pushing beyond RTL

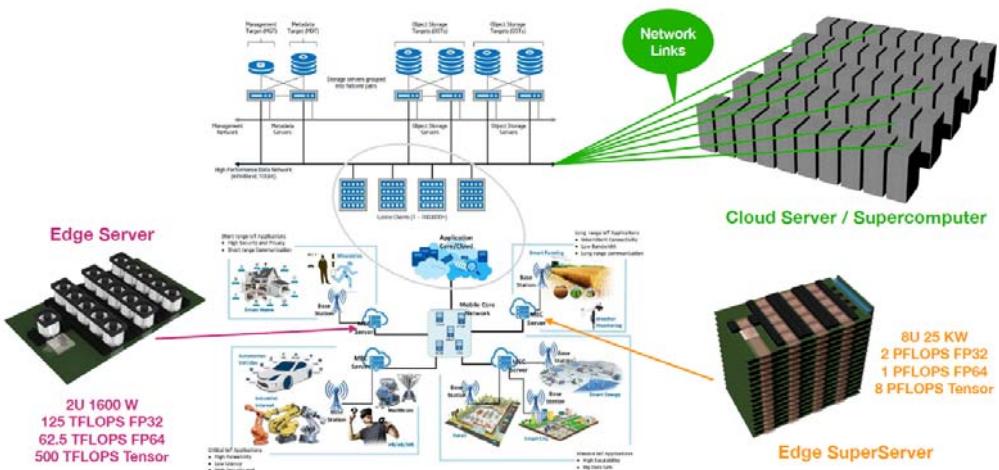
Professors, students, and industry veterans all together

Ideal sandbox for creative and innovative work

Research and Design to chip fabrication and software systems



From IoT, Edge Computing, Clouds to Supercomputers



Barcelona Supercomputing Center
Centro Nacional de Supercomputación



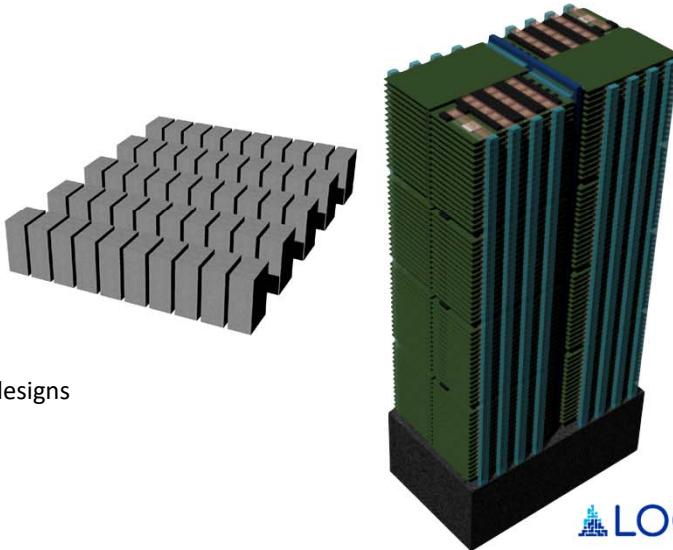
Diapositiva 37

b8 Can we add a graphic of people coming together? Maybe the Castellers?
bscuser; 25/10/2019

b9 Maybe a construction sandbox with masters and apprentice builders as a theme to this slide?
bscuser; 25/10/2019

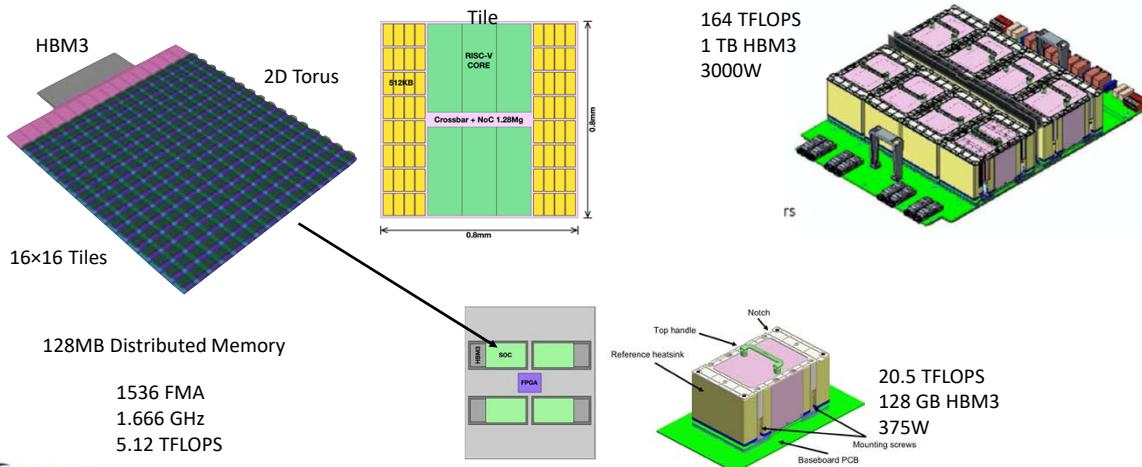
What does a 30 MW ExaFLOP SC look like?...

- 64 cabinets: 1.0 Exaflops
- Cabinet: 16 Petaflops, 400 KW (water cooled)
- 256 nodes, 24,576 cores
- 128 to 512 Terabytes DRAM
- 0.1 Byte/flop bandwidth ratio
- 40 Gflops/W efficiency
- 6 nm initial, 5 and 3 nm follow-on designs



 LOCA

BSC RISC-V Accelerator



P. Hsu 21 Jan. 2020

Focus, Freedom, and Forward

- BSC is embracing a Open Source Hardware to complement OSS
 - RISC-V has the momentum to succeed as the Open Source ISA, much like Linux
- BSC is building the infrastructure to support the future of computing
 - Combining applications, system software, hardware design and hardware
- BSC can organize and coordinate full stack efforts
 - More resources = faster time to success
 - More partners (Academia/Industry)
 - Research/Resource multiplier
- Europe and the world can unite around the BSC Vision to move forward faster, together



BSC is Made in Europe



LOCA makes Open Source Ecosystems a reality in the future



Come to Barcelona, and learn more about LOCA



Casteller
(human tower)



European Laboratory for Open Computer Architecture



European
Open
Hardware,
Architecture
Initiative



We must stand on the shoulders of giants to build great things.
We are assembling many giants and hope you can join us.



BSC is hiring... Creating high value job opportunities in Spain

BSC is looking for talented and motivated professionals with expertise in the design and verification of IPs to be integrated into a European HPC accelerator. The design is based on a RISC-V architecture. This is a NEW project to build an energy efficient Exascale system.

Experienced professionals (Engineers and/or PhD holders) are wanted for:

- RTL / Microarchitecture
- Verification
- FPGA design
- Simulation
- Software: compilers/OS/RT



RISC-V has the opportunity to be like Linux. It would be global and go beyond Airbus and Galileo!



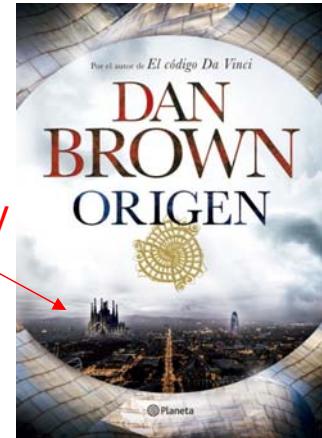
EuroHPC
Joint Undertaking



MareNostrum RISC-V inauguration 2021



MN6-RISC-V
2025???



Barcelona
Supercomputing
Center
Centro Nacional de Supercomputación

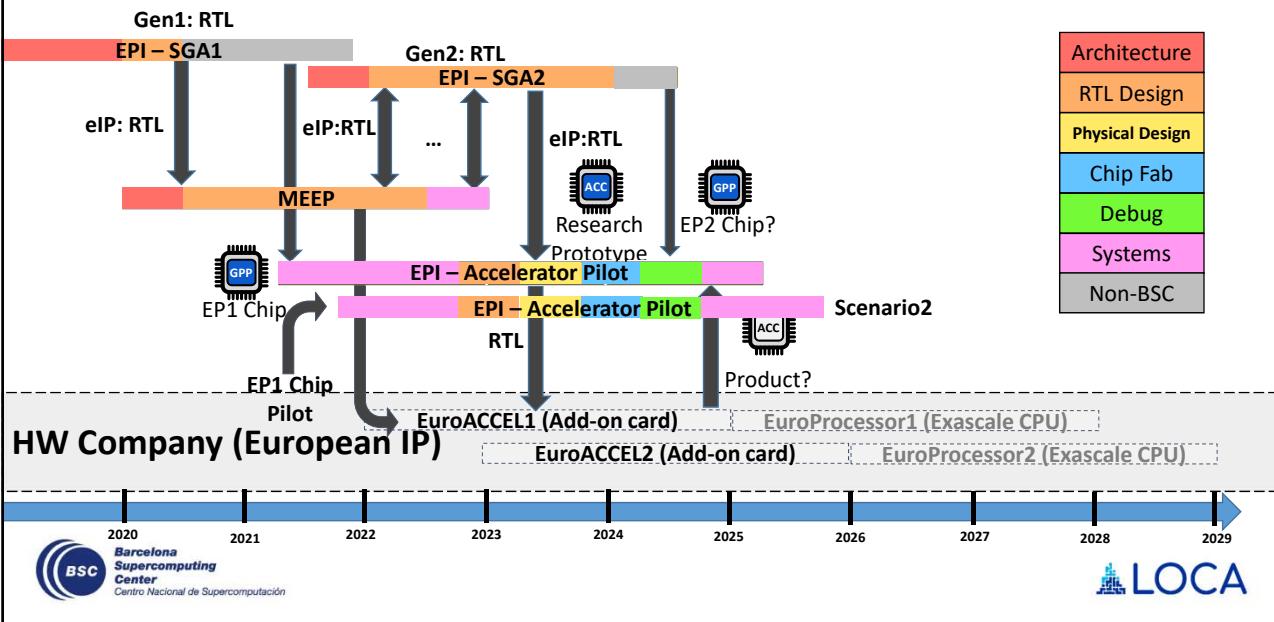


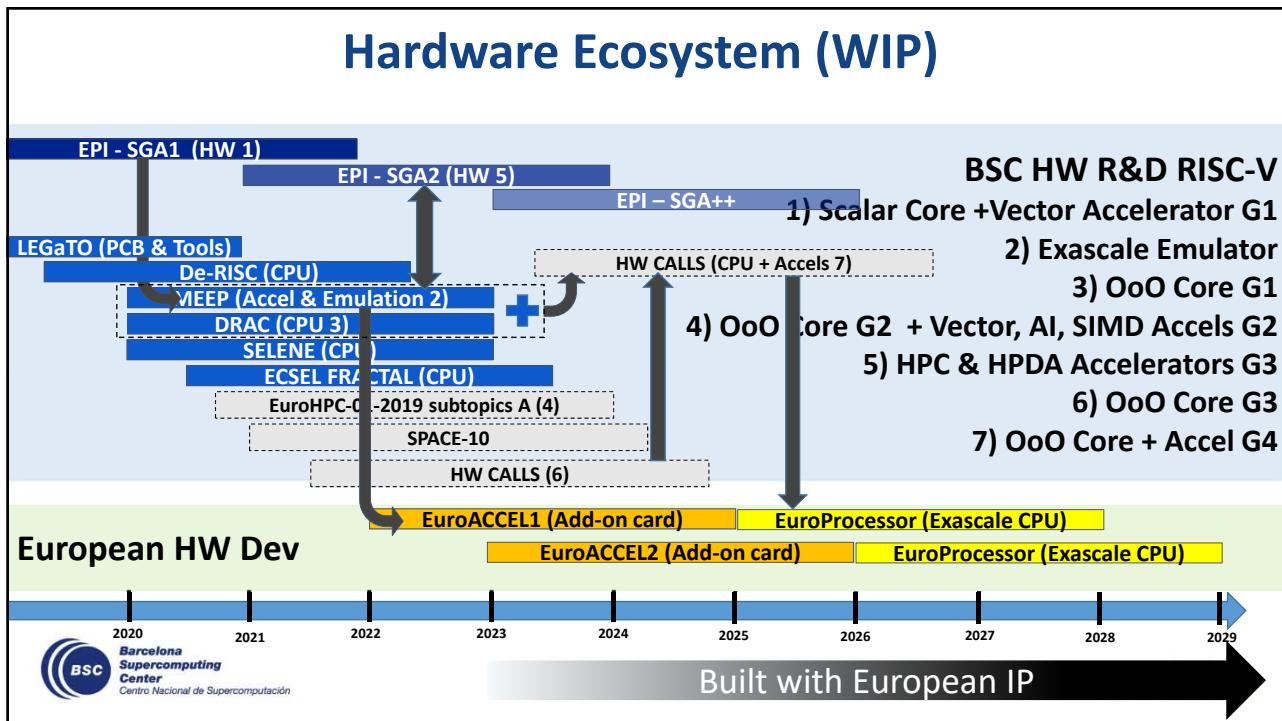
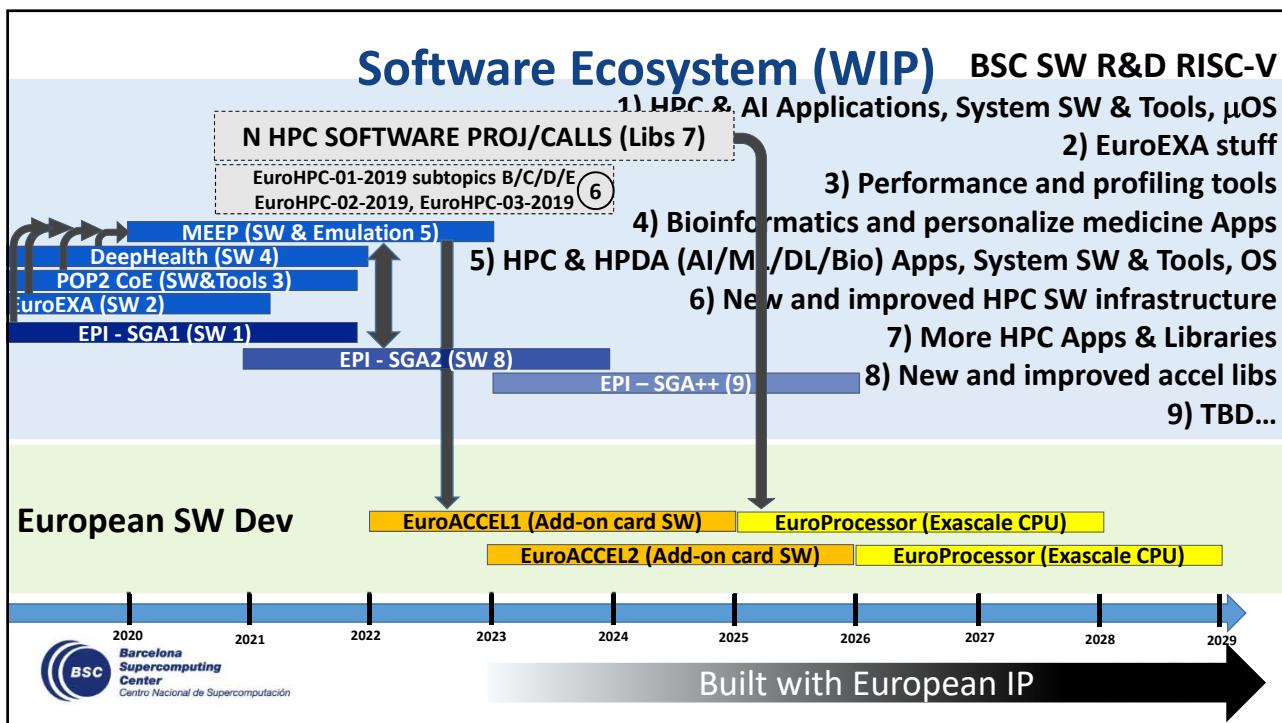
The future is wide open!

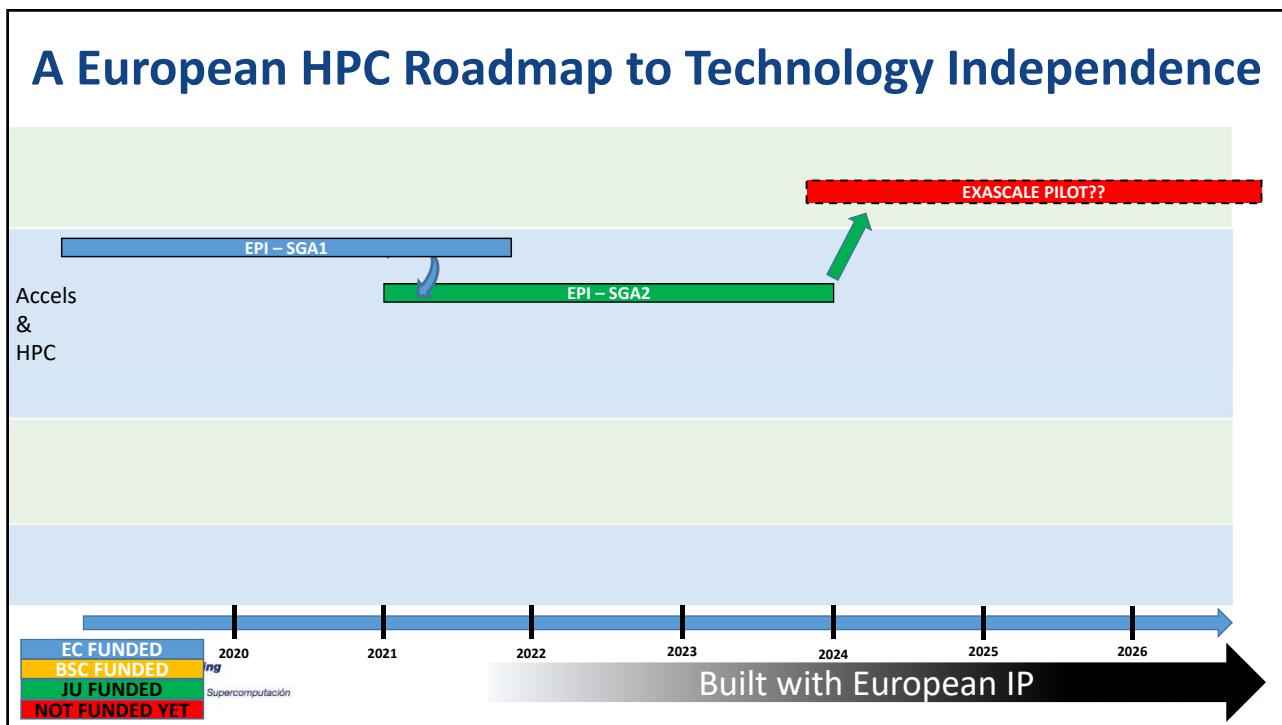
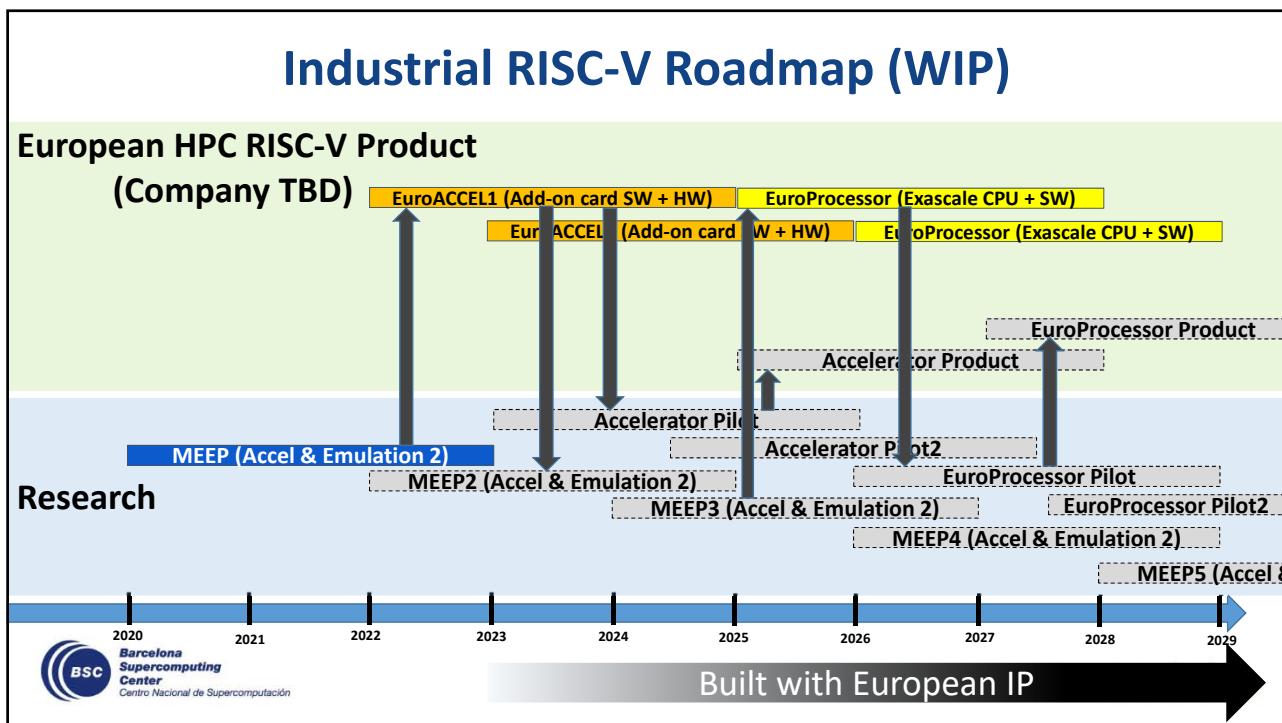
- ➡ There is an urgent need, from mobile phones to supercomputers: more compute at lower power
- ➡ The RISC-V ecosystem is in the nascent period where it can become the de facto open hardware platform of the future
 - ➡ An opportunity for Europe to lead the charge to creating a full stack solution for everything, from supercomputers down to IoT devices
- ➡ Our main aim: create European chips that meet the needs of future European and global markets across HPC, cloud, automotive, mobile to IoT
- ➡ This is the framework for the Exascale Supercomputing Initiative at BSC



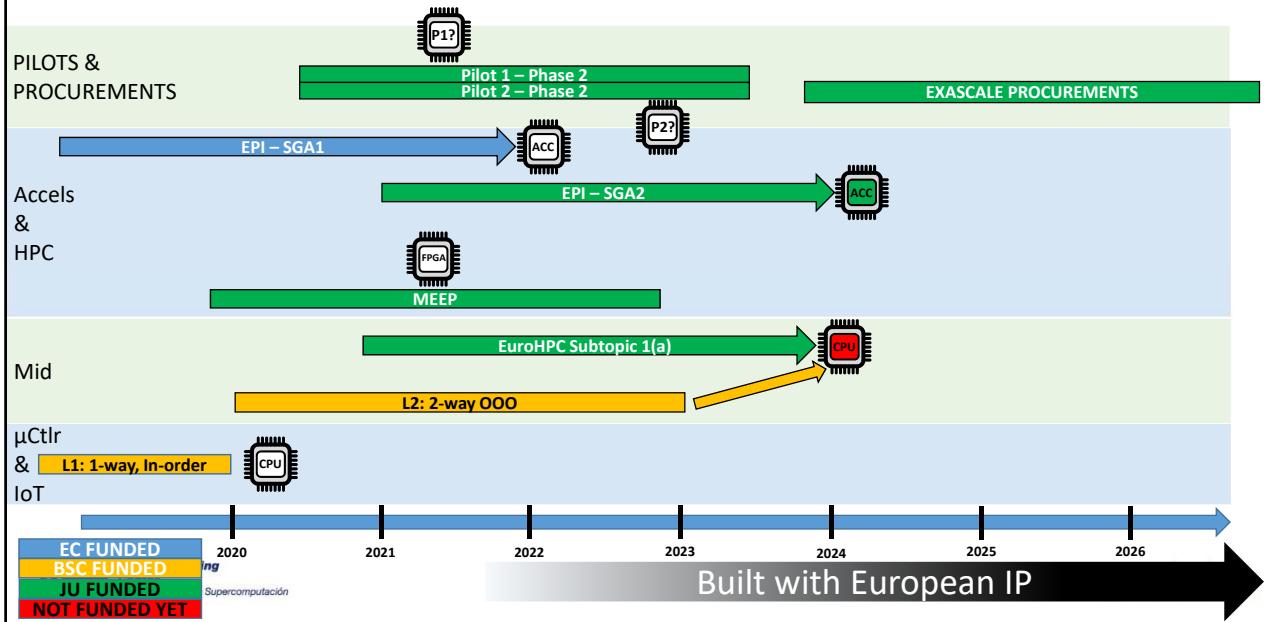
Mapping Chip Development onto Research Roadmap



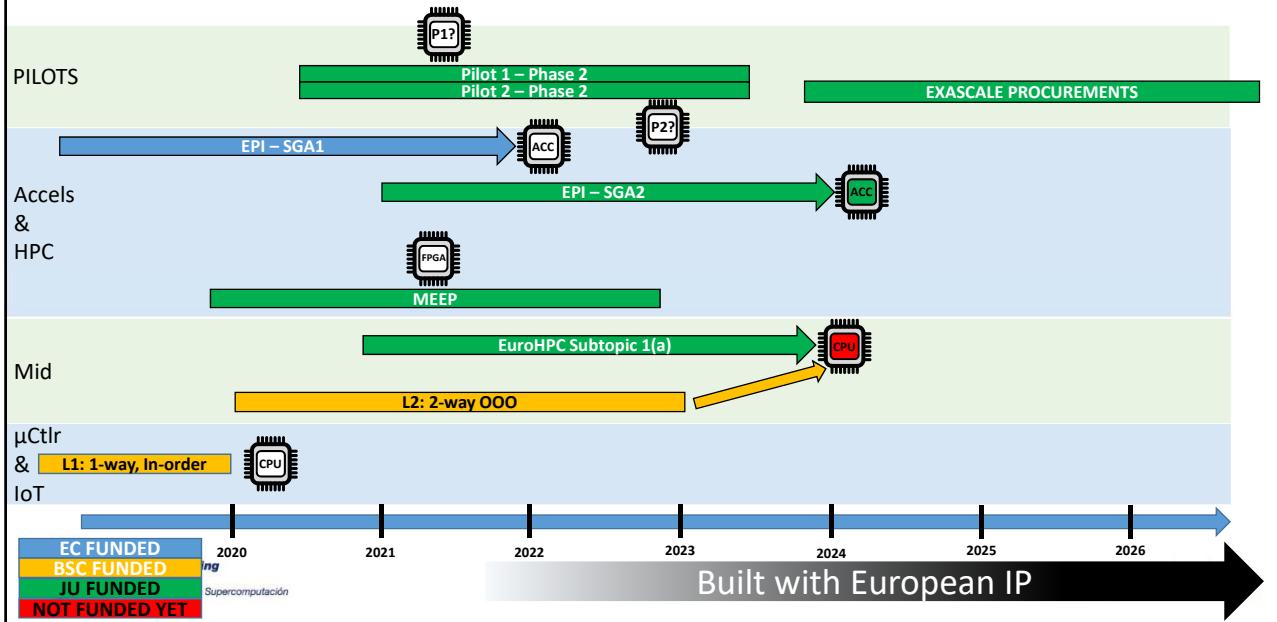




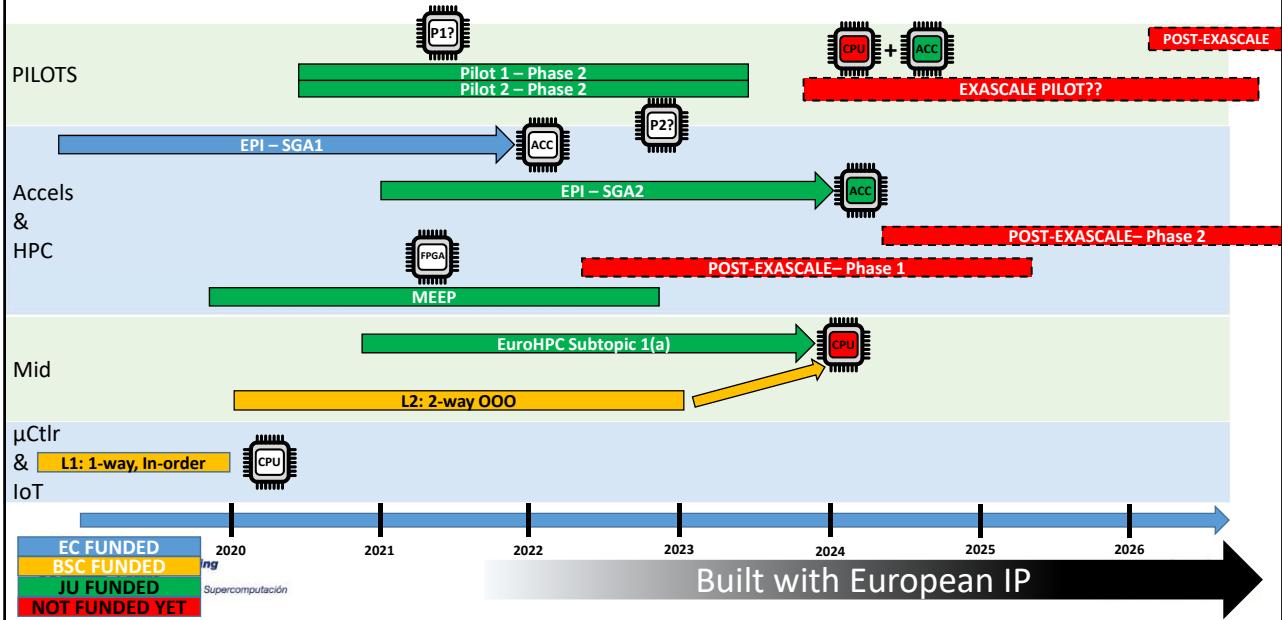
The HPC Roadmap to Technology Independence



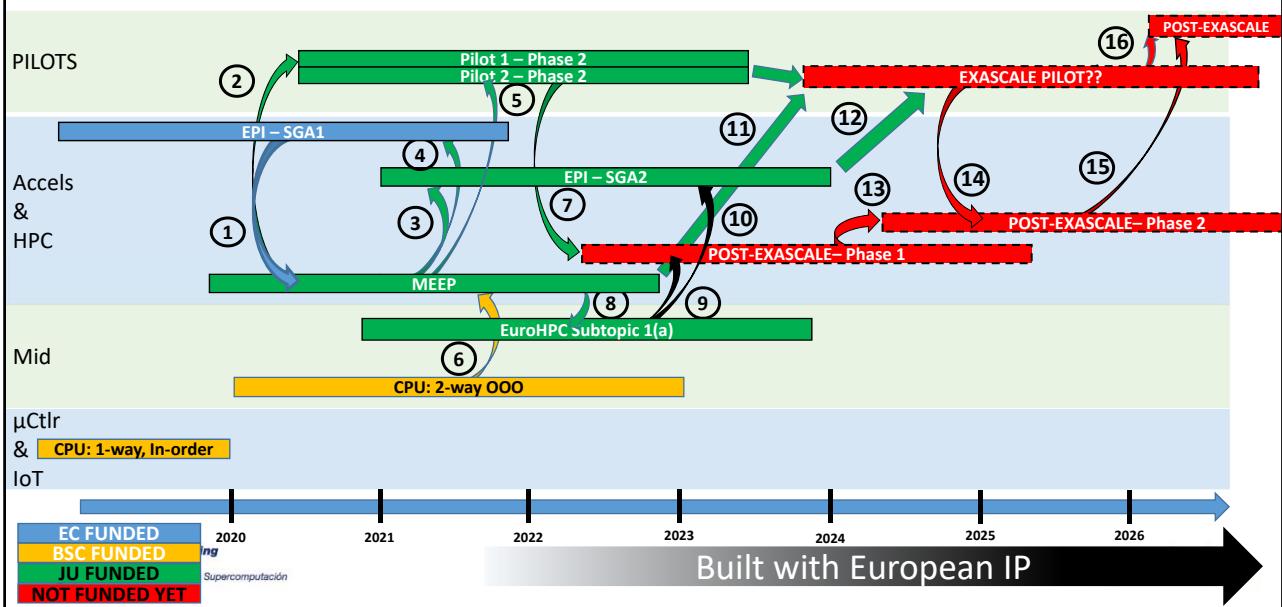
The HPC Roadmap to Technology Independence

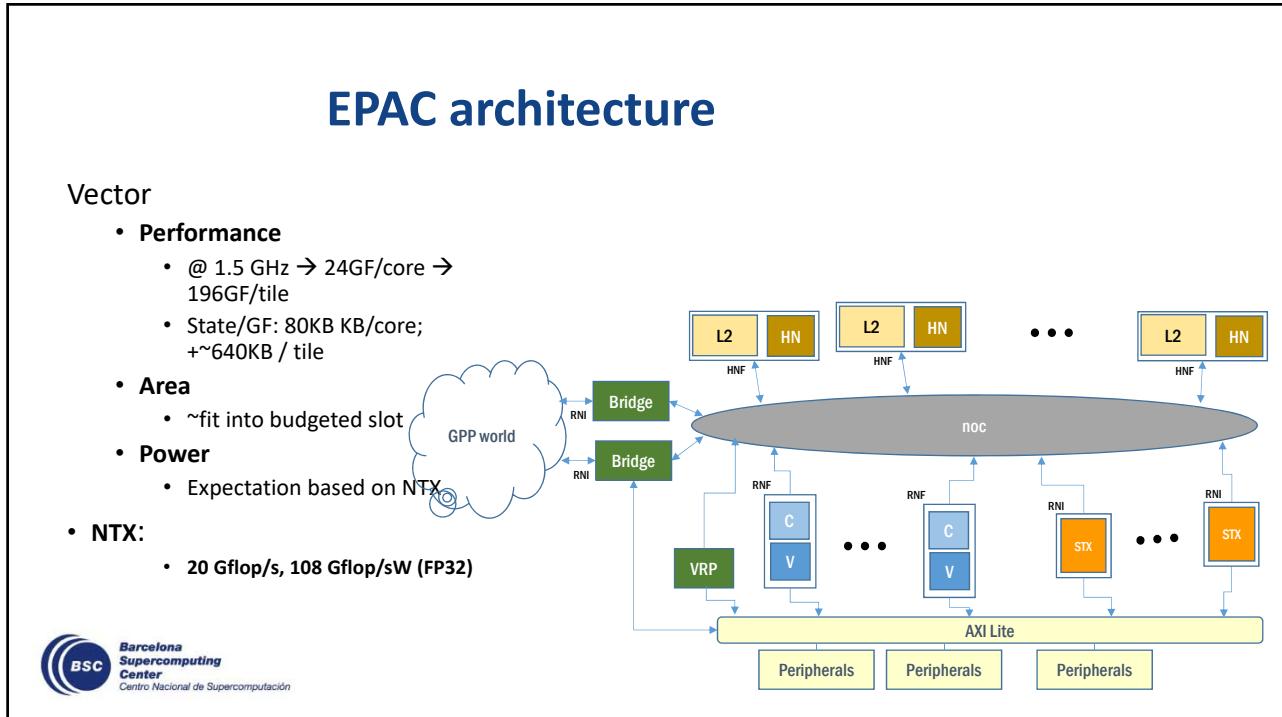
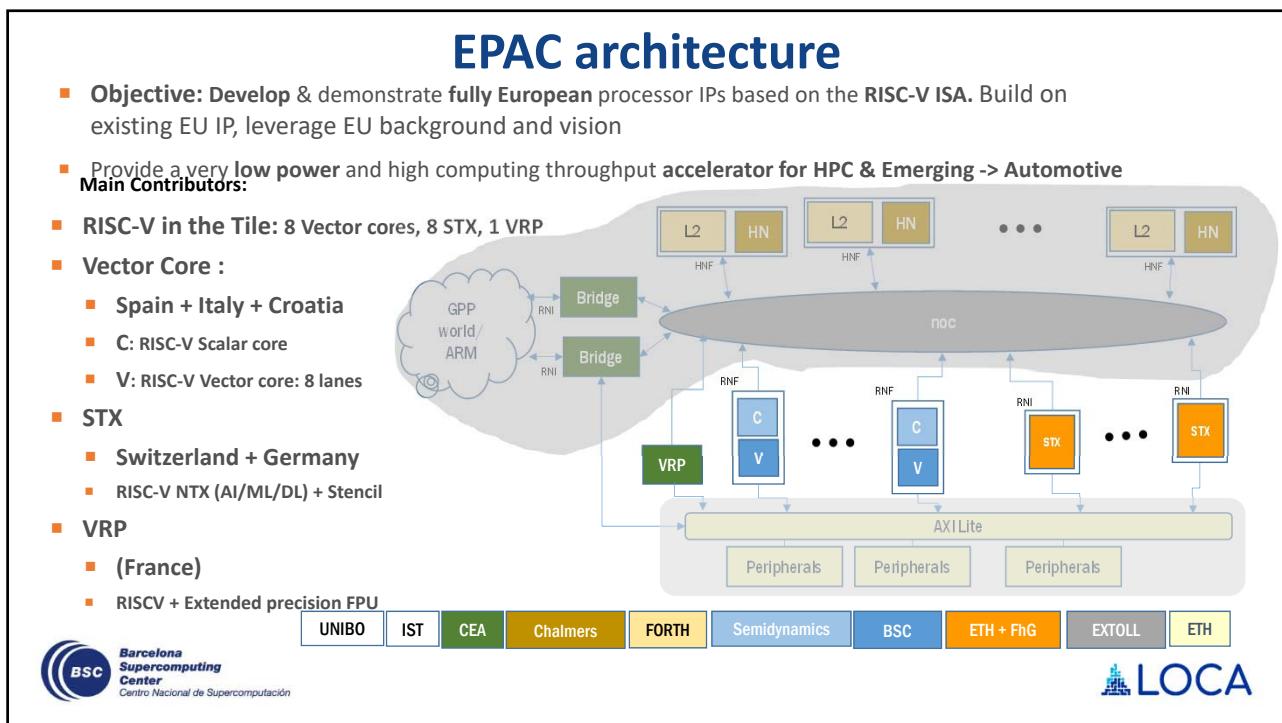


The BSC HPC Roadmap to Technology Independence



The BSC HPC Roadmap to Technology Independence





Software History

Closed Priority SW/HW Systems:
VMS, Lotus, AIX, etc.

Horizontal Platforms:
Windows, Solaris, etc.

Open Source Software:
Arduino, Android, Linux

Present

Expensive, Rigid, Lock-in, Custom APIs, Additional services

Commodity, Standard APIs, Lock-in, More Apps → more users

Free-mium, Standard APIs, User Customized, Ubiquitous



Linux History

- 1991: Started development, release
- 1992: X Windows released
- 1998: Adopted by many major companies
- 2004: MareNostrum BSC Supercomputer OS
- 2009: Basis for many new business systems and the cloud
- 2013: Android in 75% of the world smart phones
- 2015: De facto OS for IoT, mobile, cloud, and supercomputers
- 2019: 86,1% of the smartphones, 67% of public servers, 75% of embedded systems (<https://ec.europa.eu/digital-single-market/en/news/workshop-about-future-open-source-software-and-open-source-hardware>)



RISC-V History

- 2010: Started development and initial proposal
- 2015: RISC-V Foundation formed
- 2019: Adopted by many major companies
 - Starting in the embedded market with already over 1 Billion CPUs
 - RISC-V Foundation moves to Switzerland

The time is now to embrace and support RISC-V from IoT to HPC

